## GREAT BOUGHTON PARISH PLAN



Picture by pupils from Dee Banks School

October 2014



#### **Acknowledgements**

The preparation of this Parish Plan would not have been possible without the dedicated effort and time given by the members of the Steering Group that has been formed to prepare this plan. The current members of the Steering Group are:

Chair Peter Bulmer

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**Andrew Pannell** 

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The plan has also been supported by funding and professional advice given by Cheshire Community Action, with special thanks to Sarah Baron for all her guidance and support. We are also very grateful to Keith Board and Pamela Hall, Ward Councillors for Great Boughton, for advice and financial support, and to Great Boughton Parish Council for developing the project and providing funding.

Special thanks are owed to The Peacock and The Centurion for hosting meetings of the Steering Group.

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### **Foreword**

Welcome to the Great Boughton Parish Plan, which is based on the views and the comments of households in the Parish of Great Boughton arising from the most extensive surveys of residents' opinions ever carried out in the Parish.

During the last two years, a small group of volunteers – under the direction of the Steering Group – has carried out surveys, gathered and analysed your views on the issues affecting life in the Parish. This document represents the culmination of that hard work. Our Plan sets out the findings of all the consultations, a vision for the future of the Parish, and an Action Plan to turn that vision into reality. The Steering Group feels privileged to have enjoyed such support from so many individuals who have ventured out in all sorts of weather to help us reach this point.

At it's meeting on 21<sup>st</sup> July 2014, Great Boughton Parish Council at its meeting unanimously agreed to "*Endorse and adopt the Parish Plan in principle*", and welcomed the opportunity given for tabling a "*manifesto for change*".

Our Plan sets out what needs to be done to maintain and improve the quality of Parish life, and deals with the issues raised in public consultations and surveys. The Parish Plan Steering Group will work with partner organisations to address the issues that have been identified.

I would like to take this opportunity on your behalf to publicly thank all of the volunteers for everything they have done. Without their hard work, this project would not have come to fruition. I would also like to thank all our sponsors who have funded our work.

Most of all, we are grateful to our local community for the positive reception our efforts have received, for taking part in surveys, for their helpful comments and suggestions since this project began in March 2012. We could not have done it without you!

We sincerely hope that many of you will continue to be actively involved during the implementation of the plan, turning aspirations into real changes. If you feel that you would like to help to improve our Parish, the Parish Plan Steering Group would like to hear from you.

Many thanks

#### **Peter Bulmer**

Chair, Great Boughton Parish Plan Steering Group, October 2014

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#### Introduction

The Parish Plan for Great Boughton has been prepared in consultation with the people who live, work or go to school in the Parish, and with organisations with a stake in the community.

During the consultation process, we referred to "Great Boughton and Vicars Cross" to give people an idea of the area covered by the plan. In reality, it takes in parts of the communities of Piper Ash, Vicars Cross, Boughton Heath, Dee Banks and Caldy Valley as shown on the aerial photograph and map. Note that the boundaries of this and many other Parishes are currently under review by Cheshire West and Chester Council (the Borough Council, CWAC) and their exact positions may change as result.

Each parish plan is a community led plan based on a detailed survey of the community undertaken by volunteers. All the members of our Steering Group live in the local community, and include two members of Great Boughton Parish Council, Nigel Haslock and Keith Scargill.

Cheshire Community Action says in its guidance that a Parish Plan...

provides an opportunity for people to take stock of their community and to decide which aspects of it they like and wish to preserve and perhaps enhance and which aspects they do not like and want to change. The idea is for the community to develop its own voice and to use this to create a shared vision for the future and an action plan for turning that vision into reality'.

This Parish Plan is an independently produced document reflecting the views and aspirations of the whole community. It is based on:

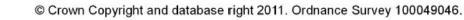
- The views and concerns of those who live and work in the Parish, expressed through questionnaires and surveys.
- Survey and research work conducted by members of the Steering Group

Our plan offers a **vision** of how aspects of parish life and our local environment should be maintained and improved in the future. It sets out objectives of what should be done to achieve this vision. These **objectives** will be met by carrying out the various projects and actions set out in the Action Plan, found in the Appendix to this document.

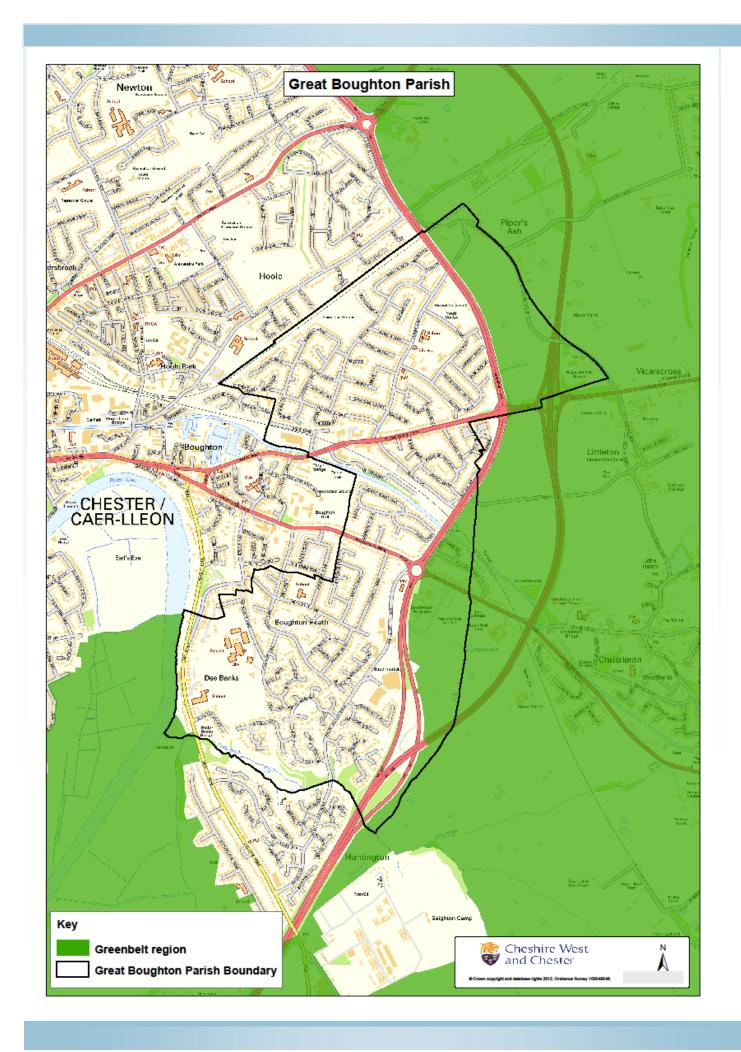




"October 2010 Cheshire aerial survey. Aerial photography imagery copyright GeoPerspectives, supplied by Bluesky International Ltd.
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#### A Profile of Great Boughton Parish

This profile summarises data for the Parish to help decide which actions and activities to prioritise for the local area. It is taken from the *Rural Community Profile for Great Boughton* published by the Action with Communities in Rural England (ACRE) rural evidence project (January 2012). A fuller analysis of the data in the parish profile is posted on our website (www.gbvxparishplan.org.uk).

The area makes up the civil Parish of Great Boughton, comprising parts of the communities of Pipers Ash, Vicars Cross, Boughton Heath, Dee Banks and Caldy Valley. Situated on the eastern edge of the built up area of Chester, our Parish is criss-crossed by the routes of roads, railways and the Shropshire Union Canal that link to the city centre. The A41 bypass is a busy trunk road that runs through the Parish from north to south and acts as a barrier for easy access to the open countryside beyond. The Parish is predominantly residential in character. It does include some agricultural and other open land uses to the east protected by Green Belt planning policy, so some parts of the Parish have a more rural character.







In the 18th and 19th centuries, there were only a few houses in the Parish, mainly along the roads leading to the centre of Chester. Most land was fields used for horticulture, or orchards. In the 20th century, this changed completely through suburban developments to create the largely urban community we know today. Most residents live in traditional low density housing with private gardens, interspersed with schools and local shopping centres. There are also many open green spaces, including the informal parkland along Caldy Brook, playing fields, children's playgrounds and allotments. The canal provides a pleasant green corridor through the middle of our Parish.

There are two neighbourhood centres with local shops and services at Green Lane and Caldy Valley Retail Park (which includes Sainsbury's). Recently, Aldi and Home Bargains stores have opened on the old Focus site beside the canal at Tarvin Bridge. There are also two primary schools (a third is just outside the Parish which a considerable number of local children attend), a special school and a secondary school. The secondary school in Christleton attracts roughly a quarter of its pupils from our Parish.

The Shropshire Union Canal connects the Parish to the city centre to the west and the open countryside to the east. The canal is an important wildlife, recreation, cycling and walking corridor.



3,450
people
3,665
households

- Population was only 500 in 1851, but 8,450 living in 3,665 households in 2011 (Census data)
- Percentage of lone parent families and people from black or minority ethnic groups (6%) are below the national average
- Number of children under 16 about average
- Number of single pensioner households is slightly above average
- Number of people aged over 65 (21.6%) is significantly above the average for England (16.5%)

The Parish benefits for being situated on the edge of the City of Chester, which offers good access to employment, education, shopping and other services. Statistics in the Parish profile suggest that overall the Parish does not exhibit widespread indicators of deprivation such as poverty, unemployment, or crime. Indeed, judged from many social and economic indicators, the Parish fares considerably better than either England or Cheshire West as a whole. However, the Parish does have a higher than average winter excess death rate, reflecting its higher proportion of older people.

The relative lack of affordable housing in the Parish makes it difficult for young people to move here unless they have higher than average qualifications and skills leading to better paid jobs. The quality and choice of housing is more skewed towards larger detached and semi detached properties designed for families.

In the Parish, there is a lower than average stock of properties to rent, creating another barrier to younger people wishing to move here. There are few places where new affordable properties could be built, and the opportunities for redevelopment or conversion are limited. There is also a lack of affordable housing for the children of local families who wish to remain living in the Parish.

There is also a relative lack of accommodation tailored for older people, so they will tend to continue to live in their own houses if they wish to remain in the Parish.

The increasing number of elderly people will require better access to services by public transport, or by additional provision of these services within the community. This particularly applies to health services, post office, pharmacy, library and local shops. Similarly, increasing numbers of young families will require good facilities for children, including children's play, sport, indoor facilities for youth activities, library and community centres.



## **How the Parish**

## The beginning

Early in 2012, Great Boughton Parish Council decided it needed a plan prepared by the community, for the community, to guide its decisions and future investment plans. This Plan should also be used to influence other organisations that have an impact on the quality of the environment and life in the Parish, such as the Borough Council (CWAC) and government agencies. It should guide spending and investment decisions by these organisations.

To launch the Parish Plan, the Parish Council organised a community workshop in March 2012, which produced an initial list of issues and problems that should be tackled.



A Steering Group, consisting of local volunteers and two representatives of the Parish Council, was set up, and a constitution and code of conduct were agreed. The Steering Group created its own website:

www.gbvxparishplan.org.uk

Initially, work centred on collecting evidence about the Parish from published documents, and by carrying out a detailed survey of all the streets in the Parish. The aim was to establish a baseline and discover more about the general condition and character of the locality: its housing, streets and open spaces. The results were written up and published on the website, including many photographs.

## Plan was prepared

A Community Profile summarises published data for the Parish, things like its population and housing. It helps to compare the Parish with other areas, and reveals some problems that could be addressed by the Parish Plan.

The **Planning Context** describes how policies contained in the Chester District Local Plan are currently being used to:

- Determine planning applications for new development in the Parish.
- Protect important places, such as the open spaces, from development
- Improve the transport network.

The **Scoping Report**, prepared at the beginning of the process, sets out our stall about what topics are appropriate for inclusion in the Plan. This guided the survey work required to prepare the Plan, and helped define the areas that should form part of public consultation.

### Documents

published

The Street Survey Report provides a 'Domesday Book' of information that helps to identify current problems affecting the Parish in a range of issues relating to our environment. This material provides a measure against which subsequent actions can be judged.

## **Budget and resources**

The Parish Plan Steering Group has been fortunate in getting technical and financial support from Cheshire Community Action. The cost of preparing the Parish Plan has also partly been met by an allocation from Great Boughton Parish Council, and through grants from the Ward Councillors' budgets.

There has also been an enormous contribution in kind through the large amount of time and expertise of the Steering Group volunteers, all given freely.

## Consultation on the issues and problems to be tackled by the Plan

Following the street surveys and searches through published documents, the Steering Group developed an initial list of problems and issues that needed to be considered and shared with the Parish community to discover their views.

## First stage of consultation

To test whether the initial list of problems and issues was appropriate, a short questionnaire was distributed in February 2013, asking people to indicate what they liked and disliked about the Parish. The same questionnaire was presented at meetings with various local groups and was posted on the Parish Plan website, inviting responses from members of the community.

#### of consultation Second stage

From our research and responses to the short questionnaire, we developed a definitive list of problems and issues for detailed consultations. A small team created more extensive questionnaires aimed at specific sections of the local community: businesses; schoolchildren; and households.

#### Business Questionnaire (April 2013)

- A short written questionnaire was distributed to and later collected from retail outlets and business premises in the Parish.
- The overall response rate was 50%.



General Household Survey
(June / September 2013)

#### Young Persons Questionnaire (May / June 2013)

- We asked both local secondary schools to participate in a survey of their pupils, with a prize awarded for participation in each school (Bishops and Christleton High School).
- The questionnaire was also available on our website, allowing pupils who go to other schools to participate.
- Primary/special schools in the Parish were asked to help us obtain the views and opinions of their pupils about living in the Parish. How best to obtain views of pupils was left to the judgement of staff, with prizes awarded to pupils for their participation. Examples of their drawings and writing are on our website.

We delivered a leaflet to every household in the Parish inviting residents to fill in a questionnaire online. Printed questionnaire were available from the libraries and were also delivered to the large sheltered housing units. Later on, we asked local schools to invite parents to participate, and we also targeted local clubs and societies. All the paper responses were input online for early analysis.

- About 10% of households responded
- Geographic coverage across the Parish was patchy but acceptable
- The pattern of responses was in line with the demographic profile of the Parish
- We published summaries of the responses to all three questionnaires on our website.

We presented the results of all our surveys and questionnaires to the Parish Council on 18th November 2013. In January 2014, a short summary of progress on the Parish Plan was delivered to all households in the Parish.

## **Summaries of surveys**

Across all the surveys, there is a general consensus that our Parish is a pleasant area to live and work. However, while there are problems relating to specific aspects, there is an overwhelming desire to ensure that the quality of the existing social and physical environment of our community is at least maintained, and improved where possible.

## Street Survey

In most areas, there are individual examples of over-grown trees or shrubs from public as well as private land intruding on the pavement, reducing its width and sometimes causing problems.

Most areas are close to local shops and some medical services, although there is no GP practice in the Parish. There are regular bus services on weekdays, and bus stops within reasonable walking distance for most residents. However, most bus stops do not have a shelter or

Car parking is an issue in most areas because of narrow streets. Parking on pavements or grass verges causes damage.

Dog fouling and litter were not generally observed except in hedges on public highways and the canal towpath where there is also a fair level of wind-blown litter as well as cans; plastic bottles; plastic coffee cups and similar throw away items.

Access to a children's play area or a playing field or open space is generally within a reasonable walking distance for most (younger) people.

On publicly maintained grass verges and hedgerows by public highways, maintenance is kept to a minimum.

The general standard of maintenance is not very high, with badly slashed hedges often not fully cut back to the boundary, leading over time to a reduction in the width of the pavement.

The streets and pavements are generally in a reasonable state of repair, but there are increasing signs of poor maintenance: weeds in gutters; pavements with cracked paving stones; damaged tarmac with uneven surfaces and potholes.

## General Household Survey

In a Parish with a stable and settled population, where the majority of the residents have lived here for 15+ years, it must cause some concern to the Parish Council \_ that:

# Fewer than 30% of household thought they were kept well informed by the Parish Council

A majority believed that the Parish Council needs to do much more to keep the community informed about local developments.

Only 50% know how to contact the Parish Council.

The majority of residents consider the Parish a pleasant, safe area in which to live, but key problems are:

#### Litter and dog mess:

Widely perceived as problems by residents and local businesses.

Householders proposed solutions including: designated dog walking areas; more waste bins; more frequent emptying of waste bins; a local anti-litter campaign.

#### **Speed humps:**

These are generally disliked and seen as ineffective.

#### The state of pavements:

Solutions proposed are: better maintenance/repair; more frequent/ effective weeding; better hedge and tree trimming (both public and private); more layered hedges.

#### Speeding:

General complaint that limits are not effectively enforced; suggested controls include use of speed indicator signs on through routes like Caldy Valley Road and Green Lane; general desire for a 20mph limit on all residential roads.

#### Parking on pavements:

Solutions proposed are: action to restrict parking on pavements and verges; action to prevent damage to kerb edges, paving slabs and grass verges.

#### **Potholes in streets:**

Solutions proposed are:
better and more effective
repair needed. Few
residents seemed aware of
CWAC's online problem
reporting system.

#### **Public transport:**

Concern with high cost of fares; frequency of service; need for more/better shelters with seating.



#### **Congestion:**

The 'hamburger' junction of the A41 and A55 is universally disliked and considered a major safety issue. Queens Road is seen as congested.

#### **Road Safety:**

Cycling seen as least safe method of transport and the overwhelming majority of school pupils have a bicycle but don't regularly cycle to school. Widespread support for more cycle-ways and separation of cycles from cars.

#### Clubs and societies:

Concern about lack of information – should be on Parish Council website.

General need for more activities in the community.

Existing clubs would like easier ways to publicise their activities, and better/cheaper access to meeting venues.

#### **Shops:**

Residents would like more independent shops locally such as green grocer; butcher; fishmonger. Also a post office.



#### **Proper Café:**

Most older residents would like somewhere local such as a café or similar place to meet.

#### Vicars Cross Community Centre (formerly Square 1):

General support for further development of Square 1 as a community centre.

## Facilities for teenagers: Generally seen as

Generally seen as inadequate. There is also a requirement to improve playground facilities for younger children.



#### School

#### facilities:

Support for more use of school facilities by the wider community, for example for clubs and society meetings.

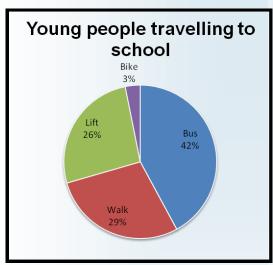
## Young Persons Questionnaire

## Transport to school / recreation

Almost 40% travel by bus and another 27% walk with 25% being brought to school by car. This reflects both the wide catchment area of the school and pupils' reluctance to use bicycles (regularly used by only 3%) largely because of safety or distance.

For recreational trips, 75% claimed that they never or rarely used public transport largely because of cost (55%) but also because it was not convenient in terms of routes or proximity to bus

69% regard the Parish as a pleasant area to live



Students would be more likely to use bicycles for school and general transport needs if there was less traffic on the roads, and separate, safer cycle lanes.

Transport use for recreation/shopping is similar with almost 60% being taken by car and 40% walking. This reflects their use of shops, clubs and societies outside the Parish, the cost or availability of public transport, and concern over the safety of cycling.

#### Social activities

Out of school activities dominated by sports. The most popular school clubs were arts, dance, music and sports.

The most widely used places to meet friends were at a friend's house (80%); Chester City centre (70%); local playing field area or local shops (both 37%). Meeting or playing in the streets was only mentioned by 18%, perhaps reflecting safety issues and the volume of traffic in residential areas noted in the street and household surveys.

A wide range of clubs and societies are available to pupils either in school or with a group such as youth club/guides/ scouts. 56% of respondents attended one or more club or society.

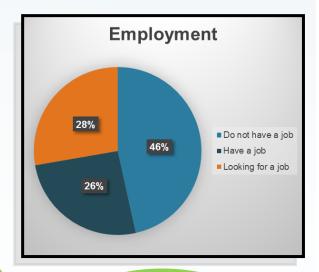
Just over 50% of respondents would like somewhere local to meet up with friends.

Young people are familiar with local playing fields and indicated that they were used regularly.

#### Part-time work

Most respondents worked in retail outlets of various kinds and catering, reflecting the nature of the local economy and part time employment opportunities. Other employment included babysitting, gardening, and hair-dressing. Only one respondent had a paper round.

It is rather concerning that about 30% report they regularly work 10 hours or more per



20% of respondents worked within the Parish and 25% in Chester City centre. The wide range of other places probably reflects the catchment area of the schools, and the opportunities for employment.

#### Police and safety issues

The vast majority of respondents do not feel safety is an issue, with only 15% being concerned. Only a tiny number said they did not regard the Parish as a safe area.

There was a general feeling that more should be done by police to promote and give advice on safety issues (66%).

The biggest safety concerns were strangers, bullying by other pupils, and road safety.

Students were not aware of official data suggesting the Parish is a safe area, with a lower than average levels of crime or anti-social behaviour.

82% of respondents claimed they had not been a victim of anti-social behavior, only 18% claimed they had.

The areas giving youngsters concern about their safety include the subways in the city centre, Blacon and the Lache. Within the Parish, their concerns centre on open spaces such as sport fields and Caldy Valley Nature Park. On the canal towpath, youngsters worry about rowdy behavior and "encountering strangers".

#### Local environment

Suggestions for improvement focused on litter bins and campaigns to clean up litter/dog mess.

Generally, young people regard the Parish as a clean, tidy, safe, friendly area - 69% positive. Only 7% said it was not a pleasant place to live.

## Business questionnaire

Too much general litter and general untidiness on streets.

Streets require better general maintenance with prompter action on potholes.

In some areas, there is inadequate space for parking – Green Lane and Queens Road were highlighted.

Crime is not perceived as a major issue, although there have been some historic problems at Caldy Valley with cars vandalised. Most seem satisfied with local police and actions taken to deal with children being rowdy, joyriding in local car parks, and their use by learner drivers.

Traffic problems associated with Sainsbury's roundabout continue to have impact on premises close to the new traffic light system, which is universally regarded as confusing and dangerous.

Some businesses reported problems from high rents and poor maintenance by landlords.

## Vision

The results of all the research survey and consultation work has lead to this vision for the future.

#### **Overall aim:**

To maintain and improve the quality of our Parish as a place to live.

The Parish of Great Boughton is home to around eight and a half thousand people - our Parish, our community. It is where we live and spend much of our lives. The quality of our Parish affects the quality of all our lives. Maintaining and improving the quality of 'parish life' is really what our Parish Plan is all about.

To write this plan, we have looked at different aspects of life in our Parish. For each topic, we have identified particular outcomes that the Parish Plan should aim to achieve. The success of the Plan will be measured by the extent to which these aspirations are met. There will inevitably be overlaps between some of the topics - real life is complicated, and hard to compartmentalise.

#### Street Life

The streets of our Parish take up most of the space outside our houses beyond the garden gate. It's where we walk, use pushchairs, wheelchairs, wait for the bus, drive and park our cars.

The results of the surveys and consultation have shown that people are concerned about the safety of some roads due to speeding traffic and car parking on the pavements. This reduces safety for pedestrians and puts people off cycling, especially school children.

The general state of repair and maintenance of some streets causes concern. Although the majority of people thought the area where they live is generally clean and tidy, litter and dog mess are widely perceived to be problems. Crime is not perceived as a major issue, but continued patrols by the local PCSO are considered important.

#### Aim:

To ensure that our streets are:

- Safe for all the people who use them
- Attractive, clean and well maintained
- Free from crime and anti social behaviour

#### Recreation Life

We all spend some of our free time in the neighbourhood around our houses. We use the streets, open spaces, countryside, canal and footpaths for exercise, play and sport.

Our surveys have shown that the Parish has a reasonable amount of outdoor space for sports, children's play and informal recreation. They do highlight the need to increase and improve facilities, particularly for teenagers and children's play.



#### Aim:

To ensure that the recreation spaces and paths in the Parish are attractive, of high quality, well maintained, accessible, and provide opportunities for informal exercise, play and sport for all residents, and where possible for nature conservation. In particular, to improve:

- Quality of sports pitches
- Accessibility and quality of childrens' play areas
- Opportunities for informal recreation
- Quality of footpaths and the canal towpath
- Quality of landscaping and nature conservation
- Provision of allotments for local residents

#### Social Life



We all spend some of our social and leisure time outside our homes on activities within our Parish. You may be a member of one of the clubs and societies that meet locally, or you may attend one of the local churches. You may use the local library, church hall or community centre, or patronise a local public house or restaurant.

The results of the surveys and consultation indicate there is a desire for more places to meet, more clubs and societies, and more suitable venues to accommodate them. There is support for increased and improved community facilities at the Vicars Cross Community Centre (formerly called 'Square One') on Thackeray Drive, and if possible, for school facilities to be made available for local clubs and societies. The need for better and more easily available information on local clubs and societies.

#### Aim:

To maintain and increase the availability of indoor meeting places for social and recreation activities in our Parish to meet the existing and future needs of the community. In particular, to improve the:

- Availability of meeting places for community activities
- Accommodation for clubs and societies
- School's community facilities
- Facilities for young people to meet
- Quality and capacity of community centres and libraries, and extend their roles in community life

#### Travel Life

Transport, for access to local facilities and for journeys beyond the Parish for shopping, leisure and work, is an important aspect of parish life.

Our surveys looked at how residents travel to the city centre, to work, and to schools and shops. The evidence shows that good use is made of public transport. Much of the daily shopping is done on foot at local shops.

Adults and school pupils want improvements to bus services, safer cycling and walking routes, plus 20 mph zones in residential areas. Speeding is seen as a problem on local roads and more anti-speeding measures on local roads were requested. Congestion problems were mentioned less often than speeding, but the 'hamburger junction' of the A41/ A55 and the A51 Tarvin Road into Chester both have congestion problems. These are a significant safety issues both for motorists, cyclists and pedestrians.



To maintain and improve the various means of transport for shopping, leisure, work and education, both within our Parish and to places beyond its boundaries. In particular, to improve:

- Provision, routes and frequency and affordability of public transport
- Road traffic management
- Road safety
- **Parking**
- Pedestrian routes and access
- Access for all those with mobility problems
- Cycle routes, cycling safety and bicycle parking
- Links to facilities in surrounding areas and to the town centre

### Domestic Life

The quality and suitability of the homes in which we live has a big impact on the quality of domestic life. The types and affordability of homes - be they houses, flats, or apartments - must meet the changing needs of the community. Our Parish Plan can only have a limited influence on this very important aspect of Parish life, but it is important to recognise our community's concerns.

Information gathered for the plan in published documents and the 'Parish Profile' shows that there is an emerging problem of affordability for new households. There is also a growing need for housing more suited to the needs of an ageing population.

The most important factors are:

- The types, mix and tenure of housing
- Affordability
- Availability of shared accommodation
- · Adaptability for an ageing population
- Sustainability for energy, heating and cooling needs
- Frequency and efficiency of refuse collection
- · Improving rates of recycling



#### Aim:

To support the improvement of the quality, affordability, adaptability, energy efficiency and overall mix of housing types available in our Parish.

## Education and Working Life



Our Parish includes primary, secondary and special schools that make all very important contributions to the life of our community. Parts of our Parish also lie within the catchment areas for other schools close to our Parish which many of our children attend.

There are a number of businesses in our Parish providing jobs for local people. The availability of local employment affects job opportunities and incomes, and influences people's choices of places to live.

Our surveys have shown that businesses commented on broadly the same issues as local residents did in the household survey. The business community emphasised the problems of litter, street maintenance, and traffic congestion. They were concerned about the availability of parking space, although residents did not raise the issue. Businesses did not perceive crime to be a major issue.

The Young Persons' questionnaire highlighted the importance of part time working for pupils to earn money and gain work experience.

#### 9

#### Aims:

To ensure that the schools our children attend, meet their educational needs, and contribute to the community facilities available to local residents.

To support local businesses in our Parish, to encourage employment opportunities for local people, and to provide job training opportunities for our young people.

## Local shops and services

The availability and quality of local shops, commercial and health services all influence the quality of Parish life, especially for those who do not have easy access to a car. They are important for food shopping, medicines, post office services, and personal care such as hairdressing, dentistry and podiatry. The local library also plays an important role in the community.

Our surveys have shown that the majority of residents agreed that the local shops did mainly meet their requirements. However, residents would like to see more independent shops including a greengrocer, butcher, and post office. Much daily shopping is done on foot at local shops. Most were satisfied with car parking at local shops, although some respondents identified safe parking for bicycles as needing improvement.

#### Aim:

To maintain and improve the availability and range of local shops and services, and improve access to them.

### Healthy Life

Many of the aims already set out to improve the quality of Parish life should help contribute to improved health for our residents. Access to attractive open spaces and recreation activities should encourage and support exercise. Access to local shops selling fresh food, and to local health and personal care services, will also be beneficial. It is important that actions arising from the Parish Plan should be designed so the impact they will have on the overall health of the community will be positive. A nearby GP Practice suggested regular liaison with the Parish Council could be helpful.

#### Aim:

To help maintain and if possible improve the health of people living in or spending significant time in our Parish.

## Delivering and Monitoring the Action Plan

Now the Parish Plan has been finalised, an Implementation Group will need to be set up to take responsibility for the overall control of all actions. This Group will need to co-operate closely with the Parish Council to ensure good liaison between the organisations.

Actions from the Plan are grouped into categories such as open space, community facilities, street quality, traffic and transport, crime and vandalism and communication. We propose for each of these specific categories there will be an 'action group'. Each 'action group' acts under the general direction of the Parish Plan Implementation Steering Group, but takes responsibilities for putting the Plan into effect along with monitoring and reporting of progress.

## Parish Plan Delivery Model

It is strongly recommended that a Parish Councillor is allocated to each 'Action Group', and relevant community groups plus individuals are asked to participate. This will provide expertise and ensure a good flow of information between participants. This is especially important where external groups or organisations are involved, or we seeking funding from external agencies.

New community groups could be set up to augment and support the role of the Parish Council, and to act as links between the Parish Council and local people. Examples of such additional groups might be the 'Friends of Queens Road Field' of a 'local business group'. Similarly, residents might be encouraged to establish local 'street wardens' who could be used to report any problems in locality, such as road maintenance.

The 'community action groups' will need to be co-ordinated by the 'Parish Plan Implementation Steering group' to prioritise the actions and oversee progress. To be effective, this model requires a strong two-way flow of information and ides to modify the action plan as circumstances change and progress is made. The Parish Council and the Implementation Steering Group should meet regularly to discuss and monitor delivery.

## Monitoring delivery of the Parish Plan

Monitoring the progress of the Parish Plan will be through a number of measures:

- The draft action plan sets out proposals for **annual surveys** to monitor the state of the environment. For example, the street survey carried out as a baseline survey should be repeated regularly communally to measure the impact of the Parish Plan actions on the quality of our streets. The responsibility for doing this survey will lie with the Implementation Steering Group, calling on volunteers from the community action groups and local people who may have volunteered to be 'street wardens'.
- An **annual monitoring report** will be prepared by the Implementation Steering Group and presented to the Parish Council. This will then be widely reported to the whole community through leaflets, notices and the Parish Council website. The Parish Council should take Parish Plan progress reports into account when planning its annual plans and setting its budgets.







## <u>Appendix :</u> Parish Plan Action Plan:

- Communications and Facilities
- . Green spaces
- . Transport
- Policing
- . Health
- . Schools
- . Employment
- . Waste
- . Housing

# **Draft Parish Plan Action Plan Matrix.**

# Communications and Facilities

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Comminication:	Adequacy of the Parish Council as	Improve the role of the Parish	C1 - Improve and regularly update the	Parish Collocil
Parish	means of	and source of relevant local	community information and portal to	
	providing	information about the parish	other information.	Annual parish
	information and	environment, activities and	C2 - Prepare a regular monthly	survey
	communication to	plan. Improved opportunities	newsletter for each household/email	
	residents	tor local parishioners to have	address.	
		dialogue with council via	C3 - Prepare an annual household	
		website blog.	survey on parish matters based on the	
			content of the parish plan.	
			<b>C4</b> - Parish Directory to be published	
			every two years, Welcome Pack for	
			new residents to the area.	
	Lack of choice	Increase the variety and	F1- Planning policy to restrict change	Local Planning
Facilities: Shops	and variety of	choice of local shops within	of use of local shops to non-retail uses.	authority
	local shops	walking or cycling distance of	F2 - Investigate the feasibility of	(CWAC)
		parishioners.	creating a community shop with post	
			office.	Parish Council
	Adequacy of	Improve accessibility to local	F3 - Contact landlords and tenants and	CWAC,
F: Access	access to	shops and community	highway authority to Increase and	Highways
	facilities at local	facilities for people with	improve cycle parking at shops.	
	shops and	disabilities and adults with	F4 - Improve wheelchair and pushchair	Parish Council
	community	young children.	access to and into shops and	
	facilities		community facilities.	

# Communications and Facilities (continued)

Topic	lssue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
F: teenagers	The adequacy	Improve the current facilities	F5 - Implement the refurbishment of Vicars	Parish Council
,	of facilities for		Cross Community Centre and associated	
	teenagers		facilities for teenagers and young people	
	The adecilary	Improve the quality	ER - Increased funding for maintenance and	Parish Comoil
F: Children	of facilities for	accessibility and use of	improvement of play areas.	
	children	children's play areas.	F7 - Raise community awareness of the	CWAC
			variety of play areas.	
	Local clubs	Provide a variety of clubs and	F8 - Make information on clubs and	Parish Council
F: Clubs	and societies	societies to meet the needs	societies more widely accessible e.g.	
		of the parish residents that	notices in the library, parish notice boards,	CWAC
		are well run with good	information on Parish Council website.	
		facilities.	F9 - Encourage school and church facilities	Friends of
			to be opened up to more use by clubs and	Groups
			societies.	
	Community	To improve the quality and	(F5 - Implement the refurbishment of Vicars	Parish Council
F: Community	facilities	availability of community	Cross Community Centre and associated	
		facilities.	facilities for teenagers and young people	
			and all members of the community).	
			F10 - Provide a wide choice of evening	
			classes, adult education, and a cafe at	
			Square One Community centre	
			F12 - Increase use of school and church	
			facilities by opening them up for more	
			community activities.	
	Facilities for	Ensure elderly people have	F13 - Evaluate all decisions in the	Parish Council
F: Elderly	elderly people	an equal opportunity to share	implementation of the Parish Plan actions to	
		and participate in Parish	measure and evaluate their impact on	Besidential
		social and recreational	elderly people. Report in parish plan annual	Homes
		activities.	monitoring report.	

# Communications and Facilities (continued)

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
F: Play	Access to play areas and	Improved accessibility to play areas and open spaces.	F14 - Evaluate the adequacy of access to play areas and open	Parish Council
		Reduce the number of families driving to other areas of Chester to use their playground facilities.	spaces by a 'Users Survey' and look at funding sources to update /improve playgrounds	Groups
F: Allotments	Allotments	Ensure full utilisation of existing allotments. Maintain and improve the quality and availability of allotments for the use of the local	F15 - Increase liaison with community action groups (e.g. Blacon	Parish Council Appropriate
		residents and promotion of healthy eating campaign.	Project).  F16 - Parish Council to prepare and promote a healthy eating campaign. F17 - Promotion of Boughton Health and Whitchurch Road allotments, web-links (Best Allotment included in Great Boughton in Bloom).	experienced community groups
F: Libraries	Libraries	Increase the use of local libraries.	F18 - Maintain and enhance service provision of local libraries and increase community involvement.	Parish Council Library service

## Greenspaces

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Greenspaces.	Overgrown shrubs and	Reduction in number of	GS1 - Encourage more frequent hedge trimming by private owners through a	Parish Council
hedges	low level	vegetation obstructs	public education campaign: general	Local volun-
1	branches on	pavements and reduces	through Newsletter, but also direct to	teer street
	the public thoroughfares	highway visibility.	individual home owners.	wardens
	)		<b>GS2</b> - Action to persuade householders	Report to
			to trim hedges and trees and effective	Highways
			enforcement where necessary: Roll out	
			CWAC reporting procedures. Provide	
			help and support for people unable to do it themselves.	
	Conserving	To maintain habitat for local	<b>GS3</b> - Publicise a way for residents to	Parish Council
G: Trees 1	the natural and	wildlife.	report maintenance and condition issues	
	built	To protect trees in the parish.	to the council.	Appropriate
G: Biodiversity	environment	Preservation/conservation of		conservation
		historic environment/buildings	GS4 - Conduct a parish tree and wildlife	agencies
			survey.	
G. Trees 2	Maintenance	Ensure that trees in the	GS5 - Publicise way for residents to	Parish Council
0. 1663 4	OI II GCS/ II GC	and covered by TPOs where	council: Boll out CWAC reporting	Annronriate
	5	annonriate		conservation
				bodies
		Explore opportunities for	GS6 - Survey of trees conducted by	
		additional planting/shrubs	Parish Council every six months to	
		etc.	safeguard and enhance existing tree cover.	

# Greenspaces (continued)

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
G: Verges	Maintenance of grass	Ensure that grass	<b>GS7</b> - Publicise way for residents to report	Parish Council
	verges, hedgerows and general	verges are well maintained and	poorly maintained grass verges to the council. Roll out CWAC reporting	Street wardens
	greenspaces.	environmentally	procedures.	
		friendly.		Appropriate
			GS8 - Survey of grass verges conducted	conservation
			by parish council every six months: Parish	agencies
		across area is	Council, feed into Environmental Services	
		appropriate to the area.	standards etc. Link into Friends of Groups to check appropriate standards.	
G: Routes	Quality of green	To maintain the	GS9 - Increase investment to improve	CWAC
<b>~</b>	spaces, sports facilities and linear	quality of green	quality and range of facilities and promotion of these facilities	Parish Council
	routes	facilities and linear		
		routes and increase	<b>GS10</b> - Publicise a way for residents to	Appropriate
		their use.	report maintenance issues to council. Roll	conservation
			out CWAC reporting procedures.	agencies
				Erionde of Croune
				Volunteer Force
G: Routes	Canal towpaths	Improve the	GS11 - Publicise a way for residents to	Parish Council
2		maintenance of	report maintenance issues to the council	
		verges and towpaths.	and Rivers and Canal Trust.	CWAC
			<b>GS12</b> - A survey of conditions conducted	Canal Trust
			by Parish Council every six months.	

## **Transport**

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
	Street lighting	Ensure that there is no area	T1 - Parish to conduct a survey on where	Parish Council
Transport: Lighting		of the parish where people would feel unsafe at night	people would like more/ better lighting.	CWAC (Street
)		due to lack of lighting.	T2 - Advertise system for reporting street	Lighting)
			lighting problems. Roll out CWAC reporting	
			procedures	Police, PSCUS
			<b>T3</b> - Prepare policy on timing of lighting provision.	
	Parking and	Reduction in number of	T4 - More effective enforcement of laws	Police
Transport:	obstruction of	parked vehicles causing	and bye-laws where an obstruction is	
Parking	roads and	obstruction to other road	caused.	CWAC
	pavements by	venicles and users of		; ( -
	venicies.	pavements.	15 - Public education campaign to	Parish Council
			encourage sare parking.	Traffic
			Te - Consideration of appropriate and more	Wardens
			effective on street measures locally	
				Local
			T7 - Advertise where to complain about	volunteer
			parking on footpaths. Roll out CWAC	street wardens
			reporting procedures.	
			T8 - Annual transport walkabout with	
			Highways/ Traffic Wardens	

# Transport (continued)

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
T: Bus	How can increased transport by bus be encouraged?	Increased use of public transport. Increased satisfaction with the local bus service.	T9 - Improve timetables and services in order to better meet needs of the community more effectively.  T10 - Promote more use of buses through better and improved access to information via Parish Council website, maps and timetable links, and investigate lower bus fares for school age children.	CWAC Bus Operators Input to Chester Transport Strategy
T: Speeding	Excessive speeding of vehicles on local roads	Reduce incidents of speeding and accident rate.	T11 - Implement a 20mph speed limits on predominantly residential roads throughout the Parish. T12 - Use of Speed Indicators Display (SIDs) units, Hand held speed cameras.	CWAC Local Highway authority Input to Chester Transport strategy
T: Congestion 1	Vehicle congestion on local roads	Reduction in congestion and problems associated with congestion.	T13 - Implement improved control of on street parking by road traffic orders and enforcement. Roll out CWAC reporting procedures.  T14 - implement a 20mph speed limit on predominantly residential roads.	Local highway authority (CWAC) Input to Chester Transport Strategy
T: Congestion 2	Congestion at the new junction A41/ A55	Improvement to the safety capacity and legibility of signage at A41/A55 junction.	<b>T15</b> - Advocate a survey of the users of this junction by the highway authority.	Parish Council CWAC Highways Agency

# Transport (continued)

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
: : :	Provision of	Improve the condition of	T16 - Investigate and work with parking area	Parish council
I: Parking 2	parking tor local facilities	parking facilities.	owners to upgrade parking facilities.	CWAC Highways and Planning
T: Local road	Ensure road	Ensure prompt repair of	T17 - Encourage the Highway Authority and	CWAC
conditions	conditions are	pot holes.	landowners to provide more funding for the	Highways
	מ		T18 - Advertise pothole-reporting system. Roll out CWAC reporting procedures.	Parish Council
	Encourage	Increased use of cycles	T19 - 20mph speed limit on predominantly	CWAC
I : Cycling 1	more cycling and walking	and the number of trips by walking to local shops etc.	residential roads. <b>T20</b> - Increase the number and improve existing	Parish Council
	,		cycle lanes.	
	Make cycling		T21 - Provide more information on safer routes	Chester 20 is
	מפות		to cycle and waiking within the parish. Eiths to	rienty organisation
			CWAC cycle and walking webpages, including Public rights of Way (PROW) with leaflets	Olgalisation
			available in local shops and libraries.	Chester Cycle
			<b>T22</b> - Include question on this issue in annual	Campaign
			parish survey. <b>T23</b> - Increase excle parking facilities	
			- Librage Cycle paining lacinines.	
: (	Limited use by	Encourage school pupils	<b>T24</b> - Provide more Lets Bike It training.	CWAC
T: Cycling 2	school pupils	to travel by cycle or public	<b>T25</b> - Provide Bikeability training in the Parish	Highways
	or their cycles	transport ratner than being	Tor addits.	School
		taken by car.	1 26 - Advertise Sustran s route planning advice	Governors Parish
	travelling to			Council
	school			
T: Walking	Ensure safe	Improve safety for	<b>T27</b> - Annual Highways Walkabout.	CWAC
	crossings	pedestrians crossing trunk		Highways
	across major	roads/ through routes.		
	roads			Parish Council
T: Routes	Footpaths	Improve condition and maintenance of	<b>T28</b> - Publicise how residents report maintenance issues to the Borough Council. Roll	CWAC
		pavements.	out CWAC reporting procedures.	Parish Council

## Policing

Topic	enss	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Policing: Crime	Policing issues	Olicing issues   Effective crime prevention and active community	<b>P1</b> - Increase effective collaboration between police and local community/	Police
		policing.	parish council and schools.	Parish Council
	Vandalism and	/andalism and Reduce level of vandalism	<b>P2</b> - Publicise a way for residents to	Parish council
Policing:	graffiti	and graffiti in public spaces.	report vandalism to the police/council.	
Vandalism				Police
			<b>P3</b> - Conduct an education	
			campaign in schools.	CWAC

Health

Tonic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents	
	3				
Health: Participation	People on low incomes and	Ensure equal opportunity to share and participate in	H1 - Evaluate all decisions in the implementation of the Parish Plan	Parish council	
<u>-</u>	those with	parish social and recreational	actions to measure and evaluate their	Annual Parish	
	poor health or	activities and facilities.	impact on these vulnerable and	Survey	
	disability		disadvantaged groups. Report in parish	: :	
			plan annual monitoring report.	Disability	
				organisations	
				0000	
				CILICAL	
				Commission-	
				ing Group	
				CWAC Public	
				Health	
Health:	Public health	Maintain and improve the	H2 - Prepare information and campaign to	Parish Council	
Facilities	and healthcare	quality of health of	promote parks, open spaces, sport		
	facilities	parishioners.	facilities and linear routes for cycling and		
			walking to increase opportunities for		
			community fitness e.g. Walking Football		
Health:		Increase number of people	H3 - Introduce a range of Healthy Walks	Public Health	
Activities		walking regularly.	through local trained walk leaders using	at CWAC	
			PROWs, Caldy Valley Canal etc.		

## Schools

	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Topic				
	Do local	Ensure that schools within	S1 - Parish to meet with school	Parish Council
Schools: Places	schools have	the parish meet the education	parish meet the education   governors and local education	
	adequate	needs of parish children and	authority	School
	places and	contribute to the community		Governors
	facilities for	facilities available to local	S2 - Ensure that a Parish	
	pupils and	residents.	Councillors is on each School	CWAC
	for wider		Governing Body to provide link	
	community			
	activities?			

## **Employment**

Topic	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Employment	Local employment	Increase opportunities for the creation and expansion of local businesses.	E1 - Parish Council to conduct a survey of local businesses to discover how it can assist and remove constraints to business expansion and creation within its sphere of powers and influence.	Parish Council
Employment: Youth	Local employment opportunities.	Improve the local employment opportunities in the Parish to improve local prosperity and	E2 - Consider opportunities for local homes to be used in part for business purposes to encourage	Local Planning Authority (CWAC)
		sustainability.	home working.  E3 - Encourage local businesses contribution to help young people gain work experience and help others to retrain.	Parish Council

## Waste

	Issue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Topic				
W: Recycling	Refuse collection and	Maintain and improve the quality and frequency of	W1 - Lobby for introduction of a more effective recycling collection system.	CWAC Parish Council
	recycling.	refuse collection and	W2 Prepare a public aducation	
		.00.00	scheme for recycling	
W: Composting	Limited amount of	Increase home composting to	W3 - Recruit Composting Champions,	CWAC
	home		website. Arrange composting road	Parish Council
	composting.		snow with sample bins etc.	Friends of
				Groups
	The	Improve the condition,	W4 - Annual street survey to monitor	Parish Council
Waste: Litter	appearance	maintenance and	progress on improving maintenance	
	of etroote	appearance of success in the Darish	and condition of streets.	Councillors
			<b>W5</b> - Campaign with CWAC for more frequent street cleaning.	Local
			W6 - Prepare a local litter campaign,	volunteer street wardens
			Newsletters, Articles.	
			W7 - Establish effective local byelaws for litter, dog fouling, etc.	
			W8 - Increase Dog Warden visits/ visibility.	
			`	

## Housing

Topic	lssue	Objectives	Actions	Agents
Housing: Variety	Type and tenure of housing	Increase the variety of type and tenure of housing.	H1 - Monitor housing supply, allocations in the Parish.	CWAC Parish Council
Housing: Affordable:	Affordable housing	Increase the amount of affordable housing.	H2 - Monitor housing supply, allocations in the Parish via monitoring of Planning Applications.	CWAC Parish Council
Housing: HMOs	Houses in multiple occupation	Ensure that Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs) are compatible with the residential character and quality of the neighbourhood.	H3 - Monitor the number and impact on the neighbourhood of HMOs in the Parish.	CWAC Parish Council



Created by the Great Boughton and Vicars Cross Parish Plan Steering Group



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